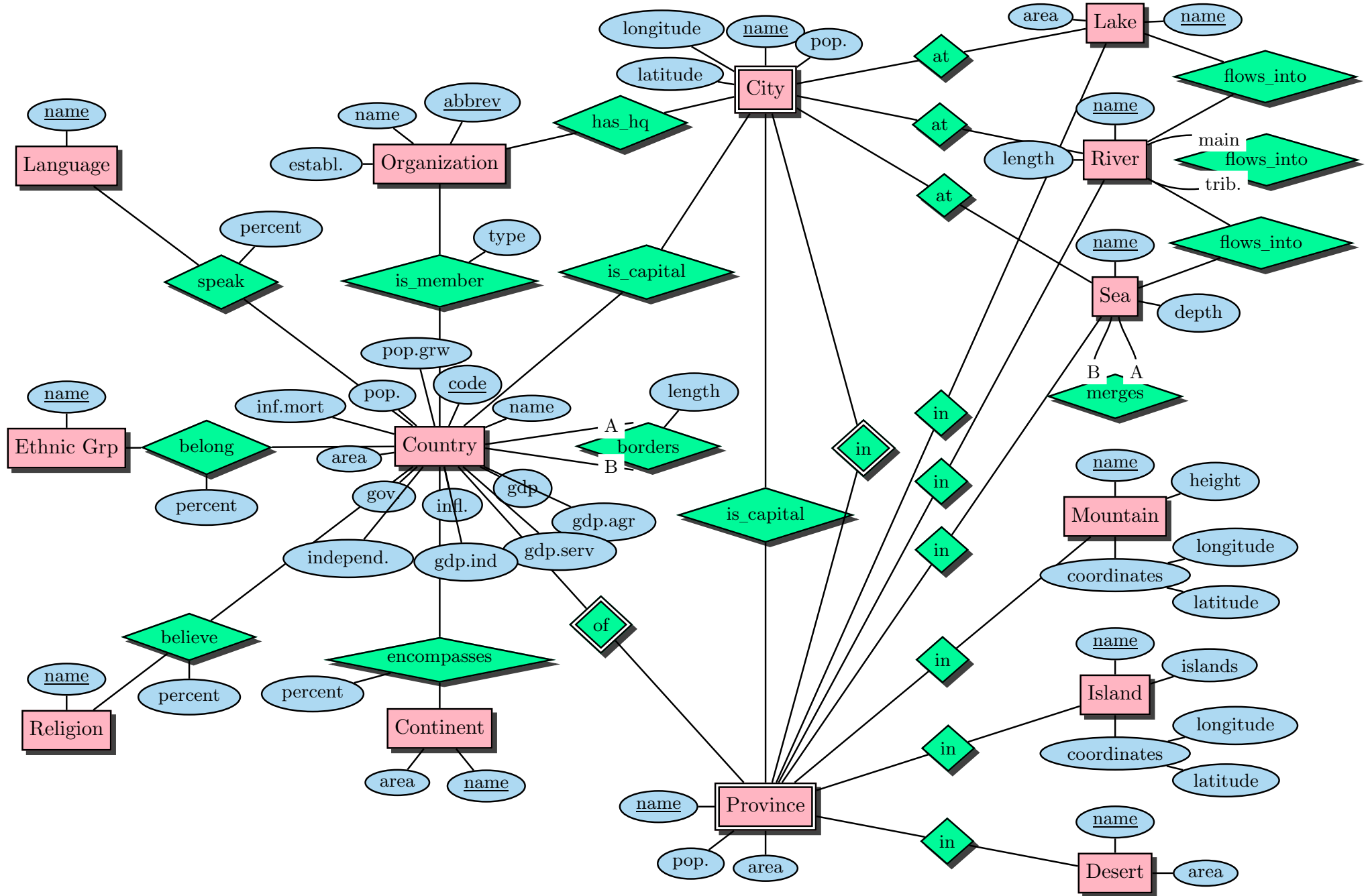
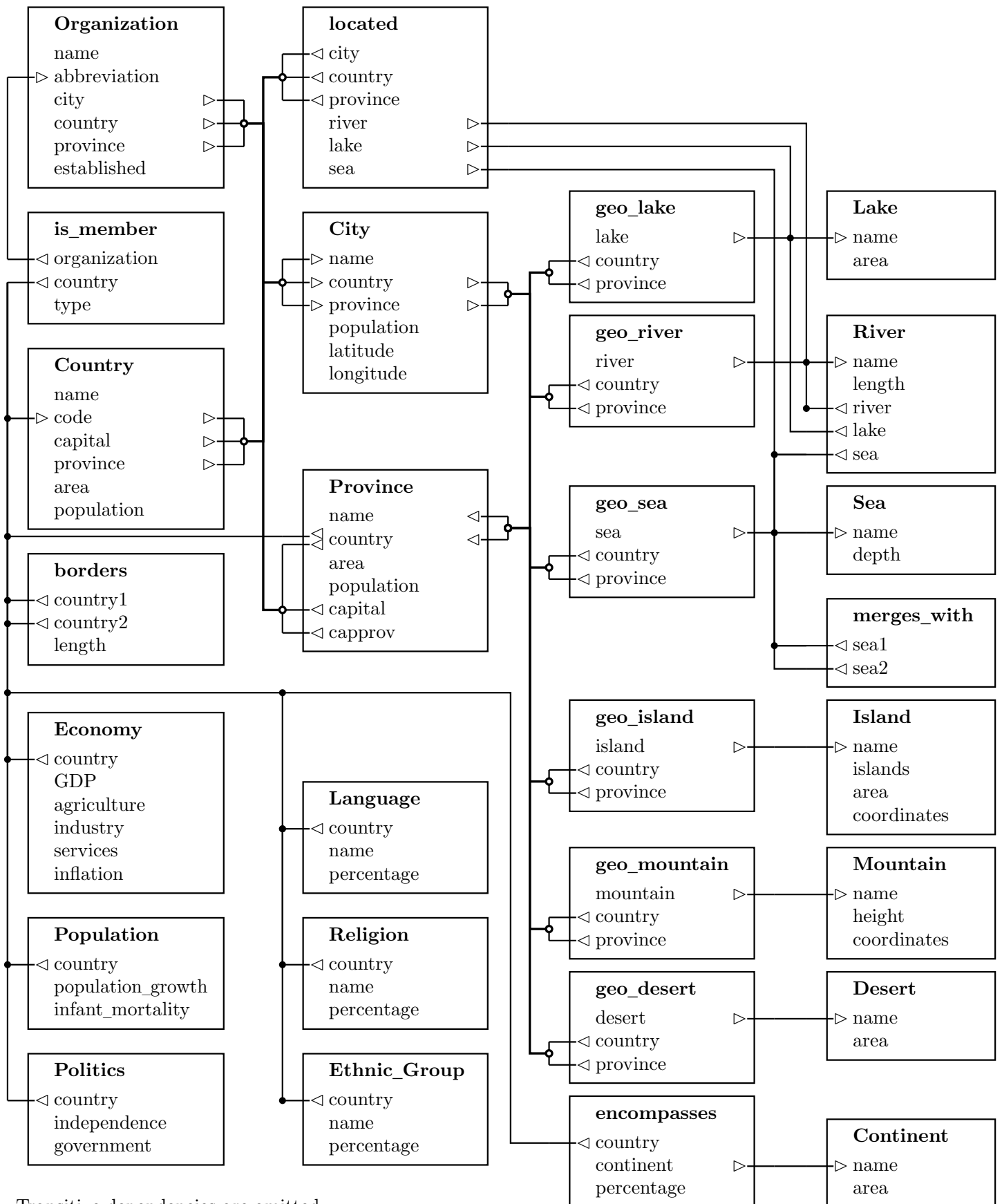


Entity Relationship Diagram of MONDIAL Database



Referential Dependencies of MONDIAL Database



Transitive dependencies are omitted.

Relational Schema Description of MONDIAL Database

Types

GeoCoord: geographic position.

Latitude: geographic latitude

Longitude: geographic longitude

Tables

Country: the countries of the world with some data.

Name: the country name

Code: the internet country code (two letters)

Capital: the name of the capital

Province: the province where the capital belongs to

Population: the population number

Area: the total area

Province: information about administrative divisions.

Name: the name of the administrative division

Country: the country code where it belongs to

Population: the population of the province

Area: the total area of the province

Capital: the name of the capital

CapProv: the name of the province where the capital belongs to

⇒ Note that *capprov* is not necessarily equal to *name*. For example, the municipality of *Bogota (Columbia)* is a province of its own, and *Bogota* is the capital of the surrounding province *Cudinamarca*.

City: information about cities.

Name: the name of the city

Country: the country code where it belongs to

Province: the name of the province where it belongs to

Population: population of the city

Latitude: geographic latitude

Longitude: geographic longitude

Continent: information about continents.

Name: name of the continent

Area: total area of the continent

encompasses: information to which continents a country belongs.

Country: the country code

Continent: the continent name

Percentage: percentage, how much of the area of a country belongs to the continent

borders: informations about neighboring countries.

Country1: a country code

Country2: a country code

Length: length of the border between country1 and country2

⇒ Note that in this relation, for every pair of neighboring countries (A, B), only one tuple is given – thus, the relation is *not* symmetric.

Organization: information about political and economical organizations.

Abbreviation: the abbreviation of the organization
Name: the full name of the organization
Established: date of establishment
City: the city where it is seated
Province: the province of its seat
Country: the country code of its seat

is_member: memberships in political and economical organizations.

Organization: the abbreviation of the organization
Country: the code of the member country
Type: the type of membership

Economy: economical information about the countries.

Country: the country code
GDP: gross domestic product (in million dollar)
Agriculture: percentage of agricultural sector of the GDP
Industry: percentage of industrial sector of the GDP
Services: percentage of service sector of the GDP
Inflation: inflation rate (percentage, per annum)

Population: information about the population of the countries.

Country: the country code
Population_Growth: population growth rate (percentage, per annum)
Infant_Mortality: infant mortality (per thousand)

Politics: political information about the countries.

Country: the country code
Independence: date of independence
Government: type of government

Language: information about the languages spoken in a country.

Country: the country code
Name: name of the language
Percentage: percentage of the language in this country

Religion: information about the religions in a country.

Country: the country code
Name: name of the religion
Percentage: percentage of the religion in this country

Ethnic_Group: information about the ethnic groups in a country.

Country: the country code
Name: name of the ethnic group
Percentage: percentage of the ethnic group in this country

located: information about cities located at rivers, lakes, and seas.

City: the name of the city
Province: the province where the city belongs to
Country: the country code where the city belongs to
River: the river where it is located at
Lake: the lake where it is located at
Sea: the sea where it is located at

⇒ Note that for a given city, there can be several lakes/seas/rivers where it is located at.

River: information about rivers.

Name: the name of the river
River: the river where it flows to
Lake: the lake where it flows to
Sea: the sea where it flows to
Length: the length of the river

Mountain: information about mountains.

Name: the name of the mountain
Height: the height of the mountain
Coordinates: its geographical coordinates as (longitude, latitude)

Lake: information about lakes.

Name: the name of the lake
Area: the total area of the lake

Sea: information about seas.

Name: the name of the sea
Depth: the maximal depth of the sea

Island: information about islands.

Name: the name of the island
Islands: the group of the islands where it belongs to
Area: the total area of the island
Coordinates: its geographical coordinates as (longitude, latitude)

Desert: information about deserts.

Name: the name of the desert
Area: the total area of the desert

geo_river: geographical information about rivers.

River: the name of the river
Country: the country code where it is located
Province: the province of this country

geo_mountain: geographical information about mountains.

Mountain: the name of the mountain
Country: the country code where it is located
Province: the province of this country

geo_lake: geographical information about lakes.

Lake: the name of the lake
Country: the country code where it is located
Province: the province of this country

geo_sea: geographical information about seas.

Sea: the name of the sea
Country: the country code where it is located
Province: the province of this country

geo_island: geographical information about islands.

Island: the name of the island
Country: the country code where it is located
Province: the province of this country

geo_desert: geographical information about deserts.

Desert: the name of the desert

Country: the country code where it is located


Province: the province of this country

merges_with: information about neighboring seas.

Sea1: a sea

Sea2: a sea

Schema Definitions of MONDIAL Database

mondial-schema.sql: 

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE GeoCoord AS OBJECT (  
    Latitude NUMBER,  
    Longitude NUMBER  
);  
/  
  
CREATE TABLE Country (  
    Name VARCHAR2(40)  
        CONSTRAINT Country_Name_NotNull NOT NULL  
        CONSTRAINT Country_Name_Unique UNIQUE,  
    Code CHAR(2)  
        CONSTRAINT Country_Key PRIMARY KEY,  
    Capital VARCHAR2(40),  
    Province VARCHAR2(40),  
    Population NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT Country_Population_Check CHECK (  
            Population >= 0  
        ),  
    Area NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT Country_Area_Check CHECK (  
            Area >= 0  
        )  
);  
  
CREATE TABLE Province (  
    Name VARCHAR2(40),  
    Country CHAR(2),  
    Population NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT Province_Population_Check CHECK (  
            Population >= 0  
        ),  
    Area NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT Province_Area_Check CHECK (  
            Area >= 0  
        ),  
    Capital VARCHAR2(40),  
    CapProv VARCHAR2(40),  
    CONSTRAINT Province_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Name)  
);
```

```

CREATE TABLE City (
  Name VARCHAR2(40),
  Country CHAR(2),
  Province VARCHAR2(40),
  Population NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT City_Population_Check CHECK (
      Population >= 0
    ),
  Latitude NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT City_Latitude_Check CHECK (
      (Latitude >= -90) AND (Latitude <= 90)
    ),
  Longitude NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT City_Longitude_Check CHECK (
      (Longitude >= -180) AND (Longitude <= 180)
    ),
  CONSTRAINT City_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, Name)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Continent (
  Name VARCHAR2(20)
    CONSTRAINT Continent_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Area NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Continent_Area_Check CHECK (
      Area >= 0
    )
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE encompasses (
  Country CHAR(2),
  Continent VARCHAR2(20),
  Percentage NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT encompasses_Percentage_Check CHECK (
      (Percentage > 0) AND (Percentage <= 100)
    ),
  CONSTRAINT encompasses_Key PRIMARY KEY (Continent, Country)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE borders (
  Country1 CHAR(2),
  Country2 CHAR(2),
  Length NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT borders_Length_Check CHECK (
      Length > 0
    ),
  CONSTRAINT borders_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country1, Country2)
);

```



```

CREATE TABLE Organization (
  Abbreviation VARCHAR2(15)
    CONSTRAINT Organization_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR2(100)
    CONSTRAINT Organization_Name_NotNull NOT NULL
    CONSTRAINT Organization_Name_Unique UNIQUE,
  Established DATE,
  City VARCHAR2(40),
  Province VARCHAR2(40),
  Country CHAR(2)
);

CREATE TABLE is_member (
  Organization VARCHAR2(15),
  Country CHAR(2),
  Type VARCHAR2(30),
  CONSTRAINT is_member_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Organization)
);

CREATE TABLE Economy (
  Country CHAR(2)
    CONSTRAINT Economy_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  GDP NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Economy_GDP_Check CHECK (
      GDP >= 0
    ),
  Agriculture NUMBER,
  Industry NUMBER,
  Services NUMBER,
  Inflation NUMBER
);

CREATE TABLE Population (
  Country CHAR(2)
    CONSTRAINT Population_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Population_Growth NUMBER,
  Infant_Mortality NUMBER
);

CREATE TABLE Politics (
  Country CHAR(2)
    CONSTRAINT Politics_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Independence DATE,
  Government VARCHAR2(120)
);

CREATE TABLE Language (
  Country CHAR(2),
  Name VARCHAR2(50),
  Percentage NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Language_Percentage_Check CHECK (
      (Percentage > 0) AND (Percentage <= 100)
    ),
  CONSTRAINT Language_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Name)
);

```

```
CREATE TABLE Religion (  
    Country CHAR(2),  
    Name VARCHAR2(50),  
    Percentage NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT Religion_Percentage_Check CHECK (  
            (Percentage > 0) AND (Percentage <= 100)  
        ),  
    CONSTRAINT Religion_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Name)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Ethnic_Group (  
    Country CHAR(2),  
    Name VARCHAR2(50),  
    Percentage NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT Ethnic_Group_Percentage_Check CHECK (  
            (Percentage > 0) AND (Percentage <= 100)  
        ),  
    CONSTRAINT Ethnic_Group_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Name)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE located (  
    City VARCHAR2(40)  
        CONSTRAINT located_City_NotNull NOT NULL,  
    Province VARCHAR2(40)  
        CONSTRAINT located_Province_NotNull NOT NULL,  
    Country CHAR(2)  
        CONSTRAINT located_Country_NotNull NOT NULL,  
    River VARCHAR2(30),  
    Lake VARCHAR2(30),  
    Sea VARCHAR2(30)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE River (  
    Name VARCHAR2(30)  
        CONSTRAINT River_Key PRIMARY KEY,  
    River VARCHAR2(30),  
    Lake VARCHAR2(30),  
    Sea VARCHAR2(30),  
    Length NUMBER  
        CONSTRAINT River_Length_Check CHECK (  
            Length >= 0  
        )  
);
```

```

CREATE TABLE Mountain (
  Name VARCHAR2(30)
    CONSTRAINT Mountain_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Height NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Mountain_Height_Check CHECK (
      Height >= 0
    ),
  Coordinates GeoCoord
    CONSTRAINT Mountain_Coordinates_Check CHECK (
      (Coordinates.Longitude >= -180) AND
      (Coordinates.Longitude <= 180) AND
      (Coordinates.Latitude >= -90) AND
      (Coordinates.Latitude <= 90)
    )
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Lake (
  Name VARCHAR2(30)
    CONSTRAINT Lake_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Area NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Lake_Area_Check CHECK (
      Area >= 0
    )
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Sea (
  Name VARCHAR2(30)
    CONSTRAINT Sea_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Depth NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Sea_Depth_Check CHECK (
      Depth >= 0
    )
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Island (
  Name VARCHAR2(30)
    CONSTRAINT Island_Key PRIMARY KEY,
  Islands VARCHAR2(30),
  Area NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Island_Area_Check CHECK (
      Area >= 0
    ),
  Coordinates GeoCoord
    CONSTRAINT Island_Coordinates_Check CHECK (
      (Coordinates.Longitude >= -180) AND
      (Coordinates.Longitude <= 180) AND
      (Coordinates.Latitude >= -90) AND
      (Coordinates.Latitude <= 90)
    )
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Desert (
    Name VARCHAR2(30)
    CONSTRAINT Desert_Key PRIMARY KEY,
    Area NUMBER
    CONSTRAINT Desert_Area_Check CHECK (
        Area >= 0
    )
);

CREATE TABLE geo_river (
    River VARCHAR2(30),
    Country CHAR(2),
    Province VARCHAR2(40),
    CONSTRAINT geo_river_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, River)
);

CREATE TABLE geo_mountain (
    Mountain VARCHAR2(30),
    Country CHAR(2),
    Province VARCHAR2(40),
    CONSTRAINT geo_mountain_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, Mountain)
);

CREATE TABLE geo_lake (
    Lake VARCHAR2(30),
    Country CHAR(2),
    Province VARCHAR2(40),
    CONSTRAINT geo_lake_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, Lake)
);

CREATE TABLE geo_sea (
    Sea VARCHAR2(30),
    Country CHAR(2),
    Province VARCHAR2(40),
    CONSTRAINT geo_sea_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, Sea)
);

CREATE TABLE geo_island (
    Island VARCHAR2(30),
    Country CHAR(2),
    Province VARCHAR2(40),
    CONSTRAINT geo_island_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, Island)
);

CREATE TABLE geo_desert (
    Desert VARCHAR2(30),
    Country CHAR(2),
    Province VARCHAR2(40),
    CONSTRAINT geo_desert_Key PRIMARY KEY (Country, Province, Desert)
);

CREATE TABLE merges_with (
    Sea1 VARCHAR2(30),
    Sea2 VARCHAR2(30),
    CONSTRAINT merges_with_Key PRIMARY KEY (Sea1, Sea2)
);

```